Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

ET/PU-9024 - 2K PU ADHESIVE BLACK Component A

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Adhesive

UFI: U5C0-2021-U00K-UPNA

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ETALON is a brand of Alexport Company.
Industrial Area Sindos, P.C. 570 22, Thessaloniki, Greece
Tel: +30 2310 501814, info@alexport.gr
www.alexport.gr, www.etalon-refinish.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

112 or call your local doctor/poison center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Acute Tox.	4	H332-Harmful if inhaled.
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	3	H335-May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Warning

H332-Harmful if inhaled. H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H335-May cause respiratory irritation. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.

P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P280-Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.

EUH204-Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Calcium oxide
Polyisocyanate, aliphatic

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Polyisocyanate, aliphatic	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119485796-17-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	931-274-8
CAS	28182-81-2
content %	70-<100
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	ATE (as inhalation, Dusts or mist): 1,5 mg/l/4h ATE (as inhalation, Vapours): 11 mg/l/4h

Calcium oxide	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475325-36-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	215-138-9
CAS	1305-78-8
content %	1-<2,5

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457571-37-XXXX
Index	615-011-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	212-485-8
CAS	822-06-0
content %	<0,1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 1, H330 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Skin Sens. 1, H317: >=0,5 % Resp. Sens. 1, H334: >=0,5 % ATE (oral): 746 mg/kg ATE (as inhalation, Mist): 0,005 mg/l/4h ATE (as inhalation, Vapours): 0,124 mg/l/4h

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
eyes, reddened
watering eyes
reddening of the skin
Allergic reaction
coughing

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher
Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of nitrogen
Toxic gases
5.3 Advice for firefighters
For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel
In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Keep unprotected persons away.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
6.1.2 For emergency responders
See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.
6.2 Environmental precautions
If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.
6.4 Reference to other sections
For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling
7.1.1 General recommendations
Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.
7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Store at room temperature.
Protect from humidity.
Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.
Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.
Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,
depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).
Observe special requirements for isocyanates, also within the framework of the risk assessment and definition of protective measures.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB **Chemical Name**	Polyisocyanate, aliphatic	
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)	Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all)	

GB **Chemical Name**	Calcium oxide	
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (9) (WEL-TWA, EU)	WEL-STEL: 4 mg/m3 (9) (WEL-STEL, EU)	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO)) (WEL-TWA), 10 µg/m3 (until 31.12.2028), 6 µg/m3 (from 01.01.2029) (measured as NCO, diisocyanates) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO)) (WEL-STEL)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- ISO 16702 (Workplace air quality – determination of total isocyanate groups in air using 2-(1-methoxyphenylpiperazine and liquid chromatography) - 2007 - MDHS 25/4 (Organic isocyanates in air – Laboratory method using sampling either onto 2-(1-methoxyphenylpiperazine coated glass fibre filters followed by solvent desorption or into impingers and analysis using high performance liquid chromatography) - 2015 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 110-4 - (2004) - NIOSH 5521 (ISOCYANATES, MONOMERIC) - 1994 - NIOSH 5522 (ISOCYANATES) - 1998 - NIOSH 5525 (ISOCYANATES, TOTAL (MAP)) - 2003	
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure) (BMGV)	Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all) (WEL) / (13), (15) (diisocyanates) (EU)	

GB **Chemical Name**	Talc	
WEL-TWA: 1 mg/m3 (res. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Silicon dioxide	
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	

BMGV: ---	Other information: ---

GB **Chemical Name**	Silicon dioxide - amorphous	
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---

Polyisocyanate, aliphatic

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,127	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0127	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1,27	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	266700	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	26670	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	38,3	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	53182	mg/kg dry weight	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	

Calcium oxide

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,37	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,24	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	817,4	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	2,27	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	

Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,0774	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,00774	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,774	mg/l	

	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	8,42	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,01334	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,001344	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0026	mg/kg dw	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,035	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,035	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,07	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,07	mg/m3	

Silicon dioxide - amorphous						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	

GB - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
If applicable
Protective gloves made of butyl (EN ISO 374).
Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective PVC gloves (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
480
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown
Filter B (EN 14387), code colour grey
Filter P (EN 143), code colour white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Paste, liquid.
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Auto-ignition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Mixture is non-soluble (in water).

Kinematic viscosity:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information
No information available at present.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
Moisture
10.5 Incompatible materials
Amines
Alcohols
Oxidizing agents
Reducing agent
Acids
Water
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Plastgrip® ME 6522 IK

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	12,3	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Polyisocyanate, aliphatic

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2500	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	Female
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l/4h			Dusts or mist
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	11	mg/l/4h			Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Slightly irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Slightly irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Yes (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOEL	4,3	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity - 28-Day Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	3,3	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Aerosol

Calcium oxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Up-and-Down Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2500	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 431 (In Vitro Skin Corrosion - Human Skin Model Test)	Non-caustic, Analogous conclusion, Calcium dihydroxide
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Irritant, in vivo
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Risk of serious damage to eyes., in vivo
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not to be expected

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion, Calcium dihydroxide
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion, Calcium dihydroxide
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion, Calcium dihydroxide
Carcinogenicity:				Rat		Analogous conclusion, Negative, administered as Ca-lactate
Reproductive toxicity:				Mouse		Analogous conclusion, Negative, administered as Ca-carbonate
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Irritation of the respiratory tract
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:		36	mg/kg bw/d			(UL by SCF)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:						Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, respiratory distress, drowsiness, diarrhoea, thirst, vomiting, cornea opacity, coughing, headaches, mucous membrane irritation, shock, sweating

Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	746	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	746	mg/kg			
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>7000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,124	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	0,124	mg/l/4h			Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	0,005	mg/l/4h			Dust, Mist

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Yes (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Yes (inhalation)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	0,035	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Vapours, Target organ(s): respiratory system
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, respiratory distress, annoyance, coughing, headaches, mucous membrane irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Talc

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:				Rabbit	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

Silicon dioxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	> 2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No

Silicon dioxide - amorphous						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>497	mg/kg bw/d			No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	0,035	mg/l			Negative

11.2. Information on other hazards

Plastgrip® ME 6522 IK						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Plastgrip® ME 6522 IK							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.

12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Polyisocyanate, aliphatic							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC10	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	127	mg/l	Daphnia magna	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.2 (DAPHNIA SP. ACUTE IMMOBILISATION TEST)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	DIN 38412 T.9	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 301 C (Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I))	Not readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	1	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		367,7				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		3,2				Concentration in organisms possible., calculated value
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		<0,000001	Pa*m3/mol			25°C
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Log Koc		7,3-7,8				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	

Calcium oxide							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	50,6	mg/l			freshwater, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	457	mg/l			marine water, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	49,1	mg/l			freshwater, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	96h	158	mg/l			marine water, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	14d	32	mg/l			marine water, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	48	mg/l			freshwater, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	184,57	mg/l			freshwater, Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Calcium oxide reacts with water and/or carbon dioxide to form respectively calcium dihydroxide and/or calcium carbonate, which are sparingly, and so present a low mobility in most ground.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Not to be expected

12.7. Other adverse effects:							pH-value of > 12 will rapidly decrease as result of dilution and carbonation., Even though this product can be used to neutralise over-acidified water, when 1g/l is exceeded organisms in the water may be affected adversely.
Toxicity to bacteria:							In high concentrations the product provokes an increase in temperature and of the pH-value. It is used to sanitise sewage sludge
Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL		2000	mg/kg dw			Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed. soil macroorganisms
Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL		12000	mg/kg dw			Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed. soil microorganisms

Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	1080	mg/kg			Calcium dihydroxide, The results are applicable to calcium oxide, sinde in contact with moisture calcium hydroxide is formed. terrestrial plants

Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0	96h	>82,8	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC0	48h	>89,1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	11,7	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.3 (FRESHWATER ALGAE AND CYANOBACTERIA, GROWTH INHIBITION TEST)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>77,4	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	42	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		3,2				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		57,63				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	842	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	

Talc							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	100	g/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Water solubility:			<0,1	%			

Silicon dioxide							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Silicon dioxide - amorphous							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	30d	34223	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>10000	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	440	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	60	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable
14.4. Packing group: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code: Not applicable
Classification code: Not applicable
LQ: Not applicable
Transport category: Not applicable

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number: Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable
14.4. Packing group: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable
EmS: Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number: Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): Not applicable
14.4. Packing group: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII
Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 0 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: n.a.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H335	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Resp. Sens. — Respiratory sensitization

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight
mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day
mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight
mg/kg wwt mg/kg wet weight
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

REACH-IT List-No. 6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:
Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90